Fundamentalism
This lesson:

Speaking: about fundamentalism
Vocabulary: match
Reading: jigsaw, reading 3 texts
Speaking: discuss the 3 questions again
What is fundamentalism?
Vocabulary - match

1/ dominant
   a) Someone the speaker thinks has extreme political or religious opinions and could use violence

2/ secularism
   b) Insulting God or holy things

3/ diaspora
   c) To teach a religious message or belief

4/ to preach
   d) Islamic religious school

5/ blasphemy
   e) Most important

6/ intolerance
   f) Not respecting beliefs or opinions that are not the same as your own

7/ extremist
   g) To make someone believe extreme opinions

8/ ideology
   h) A group of people who were born in one country who now live in many different countries

9/ to radicalise
   i) Separation of government from religion

10/ madrassa
    l) A system of beliefs, usually political
Questions: discuss

1/ Why are people attracted to fundamentalism?

2/ What are the problems associated with fundamentalism?

3/ Can you find some examples of fundamentalism from Christianity, Islam, and Hinduism?
Jigsaw reading:

Divide into 3 groups. As you read, think about the 3 questions and highlight/underline parts in your text that answer them:

A reads ‘Why is fundamentalism attractive to many?’:
http://eewiki.newint.org/index.php/Why_is_fundamentalism_attractive_to_many%3F

B reads ‘Choose your fundamentalism in Pakistan’:
http://eewiki.newint.org/index.php/Choose_your_fundamentalism_in_Pakistan

C reads ‘Hindu fundamentalism’:
http://eewiki.newint.org/index.php/Hindu_fundamentalism
Now get into groups of A, B & C

And discuss these 3 questions again, after reading:

1/ Why are people attracted to fundamentalism?

2/ What are the problems associated with fundamentalism?

3/ Can you find some examples of fundamentalism from Christianity, Islam and Hinduism?
Homework:

Read the other 2 articles you didn’t read, and read the original articles too (by clicking on the link at the bottom).